ISSUED SEMI-WEEKLY.

Annual Meeting and Election of, Officers.

port and shows that Much Good Work | center of an interested group of villagers, Has Been Accomplished.

Humane Society was held Thursday night at the Union National Bank. Owof the society for one year:

President, H. H. Everhard. First vice president, Albert M. Wetter. Second vice president, Mrs. Jane R.

Beatty. . Counsellor, Otto E. Young.

Secretary, Mrs. C. McC. Everhard. Treasurer, James H. Hunt. Directors, Mrs. Caroline Frank, Robert

Mrs. Gates, Miss Corns. gated in that time. On Dec. 22 a case of underfeeding a horse was looked into and better treatment enforced. On Dec. 23 facts were found to be somewhat exof a child, who turned out to be a truant, Lawrence and Eliza Touser, of Canton. and who obtained required care when shoulder was ordered out of harness. Richville precinct, \$1. Jan. 11 reported cruelty to a child was for fifteen hours. On February 20th a fine of \$10 and costs was im- in circuit court. posed upon a man who was working a horse with sore shoulders, and who had been reprimanded before. On Canal Dover Catholic Plans-Wants to Go March 13th a defendant who shot a dog and permitted it to suffer for four days was fined \$5 and costs. Two other cases were looked into. The report, which

The work of the society is constantly growing and the impression seems to pre with which to carry out its plans. Indeed, sometimes criticism is indulged in because the socity does not do more. The truth is the society is dependent upon the annual dues of its members one dollar each, and is frequently hard pressed for means. Those who approve of the objects of the the society, and who appreciate its moral influence upon the community, should come to its sup-

goes upon the details of the various cases,

was ordered filed. Thereupon the socie-

ty adjourned.

NEWS FROM NEARBY TOWNS.

CANAL FULTON LETTER.

CANAL FULTON, April 1.--Miss Rachel Jackson, a maiden lady aged about 60 Seth George Hose, which occurred at 5 nom de plume of "Chimney Corner" in years, was found dead in bed at her residence on the west side, this morning. She retired in her usual health last evening, with no premonition that the end itis, superinduced by appendicitis. One was so near. She was a life-long resident of this place, and was a highly respected christian lady...Albert Fellmuth | drayman, and sustained internal injuries. sold his restaurant and dining hal to Messrs. John Williams and John Stitz physicians say that the accident was in yesterday morning. The purchasers are no manner connected with his death. bright, wide-awake and obliging young During the past few days he had suffermen with hosts of friends, who wish ed intensely. At 2 o'clock Thursday them success in their new venture ... C. J. Duncan, a young and wide-awake Massillonian, who conducted a jewelry business here for the past year, yesterday of a family of eight children. He was packed up his worldly possessions and an unusually strong young man, and posreturned to his native heath, and for the sessed such confidence in his powers future can be found on West Main street | that he often attempted tasks too great in the room formerly occupied by Leo for his strength. He was born in Massil-Von Kanel. We know of several young lon and had lived here all his life. people here, of the female persuasion, who will miss Curt.

A FIRE AT ORRVILLE.

house of the Gift heirs caught fire yes- age of 79 years. Her husband and sev terday afternoon from sparks from the eral children survive her. burning of brush on the streets, which the street commissioner was ordered to pany was called out to extinguish the She was about 80 years old. Her husfire, which did considerable damage to band is an inmate of the Stark county the building as well as the contents, infirmary. belonging to A. Cotterman. The corpor ation will have to repair and make good all the damage, it is said. The house was situated on South Main street and was not in very good repair.

A FIRE AT NAVARRE.

NAVARRE, April 2 .-- Mrs. Fred Salburg heard the fire alarm on Wednesday, and she left her ironing to see where it was. She was much terrified to discover that the roof of her own home was ablaze, but the thought that the house was insured for \$500 and its contents for, tian Press, of this city. \$100 comforted her. Most of the latter were saved, but the building was totally destroyed. Her husband was at work at Press]- During a fight between Sherb the time. A meeting of the stockholders Kear and Jesse Reaser, both 10 years to elect officers and adopt a constitution and Reaser has been arrested.

and by-laws...Dr. S. J. Shetler intends to MICO add another story to the old Clemens! property and make other improvements that will put the building on par with the best in the town.

THE NEW RAILROAD.

WEST LEBANON, April 2.- A party of surveyors passed through town today. They were taking the general contour THE SOCIETY IN GOOD CONDITION. of the country for Mr. Camp's proposed new railroad, the Sandusky, Ashland and Southern. From here they went to H. H. Everbard Elected President for the Apple Creek. The stopped at Mart Ensuing Year-The Agent Makes a Re. Cards store for a while and were the

COURT HOUSE AND COUNTY.

The annual meeting of the Massillon An Alliance Plaintiff Gets Damages-Primary Election Bills.

CANTON, April 1.—The jury in the ing to the absence of the secretary, Miss case of Celestine L. Akins vs. the city of Corns, who is now en route to Europe, Alliance, returned a verdict for the Mrs. C. McC. Everhard acted in that ca- | plaintiff at 6 o'clock last night, awardpacity. The following were nominated ing \$1,000. Suit was brought to recover and unanimously elected as the officers \$3,000 for damage to the Akins property by the construction of an over-head bridge.

The guardian of Robert E. and Harry J. Patton, of Canton, has filed his third partial account. The final account and resignation of the guardian of Ada R. Gaskell, of Marlboro township, has been filed and accepted. The bond of the assignee of Jackson S. Wolf, of Osnaburg, P. Skinner, Miss Folger, Edmond Pease, township, has been filed and approved. The will of Elizabeth Swallen, of Paris The agent, T. Getz, who has been in township, has been admitted to probate. the employ of the society for only a few In the guardianship of Stephen Stoner, months, reported thirteen cases investi- of Bethlehem township, a petition to sell ward's land has been filed.

Marriage licenses have been granted to Erskine E. Allison and Martha A. Antram, of Alliance: A. Clark Oberlin and aggerated in the case of reported neglect | Daisy I. Shilling, of Stanwood; John

Among the statements of expenditures willing to return home. On Dec. 29 the filed by candidates with the county neglect of an infant was looked into, the clerk, Wednesday, were the following child being 8 months old. Papers were from Massillon: George B. Eggert, canmade out for the commitment of the didate for city solicitor, \$28; Robert child to the Fairmount Home, but were Reay, councilman, third ward, \$1; H. V. not served, the mother agreeing to do Kramer, councilman, first ward, nothing; better. This she is now doing. Some Robert Bell, councilman, second ward, horses were found on Dec. 29 working on not one cent: Harriet Doddridge, school a grade with sore shoulders. They were board, \$1: John Bell, assessor, second taken out of harness and proper remedies ward, \$1; Frank L. Hemperly, township applied. On Jan. 4 a horse with a sore treasurer, \$10.65; H. C. LeBeau, assessor,

Peter Swallen was taken to the peniinvestigated and better treatment is now tentiary on Wednesday to serve a senbeing accorded. February 18 a fine of tence of three years for perjury. John \$5 and costs was imposed upon a defend- Eisenhauser has received a like sentence ant who left his horse hitched to a post for the same offense, but a stay has been granted pending the hearing of the case

WILL HAVE A MONASTERY.

to England.

CANAL DOVER, April 2.—The Catholics of this city will shortly begin the erecion of a new church and monastery near the site of the present church on Factory street. There has been considerable opposition to the church here ever since it was founded, but despite this fact, the membership has constantly increased, vail that the organization has funds and a parochial school has been added. Donations for the new church have been many and generous. Ground will be broken for the new structure Easter Monday.

P. Arnold, owner of the Dover Fire Brick Company, is an applicant for a consulate to England. Mr. Arnold has behind him many prominent politicians from this district, and believes he has a good show for appointment. He is English born.

OBITUARY NOTICES.

SETH GEORGE HOSE.

The immediate cause of the death of of his parents, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick Hose, at 231 Akron street, was peritoniweek ago Wednesday he performed some very heavy labor for M. C. Cary, the The same day he was bedridden, but the morning he lapsed into unconsciousness and remained in that state until the end. Mr. Hose was 21 years of age and was one

MRS. MARY CALDWELL.

William Caldwell, of this city, has been notified of the death of his mother, at ORRVILLE, April 1.-The dwelling her home near Sippo, of dropsy, at the

MRS. JOHN BRICKMAN.

Mrs. John Brickman died at her home burn by the city council. The fire com- in Crystal Spring, early Friday morning.

Death of a Well-Known Minister.

CINCINNATI, April 3.- [By Associated Press]-The Rev. Andrew Ritchie, D. D., died at Wyoming, O., today, aged 76. He was born in Scotland, received a theological education at Oxford, O., and served the Greenville, O., church for twelve years. He had been for thirtytwo years secretary of the Western Tract Society, and was the author of several religious works and editor of the Chris

A Youthful Murderer.

WARREN, O., April 3. (By Associated

lassillon

The President of the Suffrage Association Writes a Letter.

EXCELLENT "ANTIDOTE."

Something About That "Movement Among What Susan B. Anthony Really Said to pany. Mrs. Corbin About Her Boys.

CHICAGO, March 10.—Mrs. Caroline Corbin, a leader in literary circles here, has organized a movement among women against woman sufferage. A memorial is to be sent to the Legislature asking its members to oppose the extension of so-called "women rights."

"What caused me to begin this work," said Mrs. Corbin, "was something Miss Anthony said to me many years ago Susan B. and I were girls together and shue, of Canton, have been filed for pro- his life, and felt that to go in ordinary years later we met in Washington for bate. The eighth partial account has attire would make him look out of place. the first time after my marriage.'

"Ah," said Susan, "and what have you been doing all these years?"

"Bringing up my four boys," I answered. "Boys, boys!" exclaimed my old Stump, of Canton. schoolmate with scorn, "What under ing with four boys?"

"And you would have me strangle them?" I replied.

"From that time," continued Mrs. Corbin, "I have been resolved to work against the equal suffrage cause."

This telegram, published in the New York World, was referred to Mrs. C. McC. Everhard, who was asked if she thought that Miss Anthony had really said these unkind things about boys in general, and Mrs. Corbin's boys in particular. Mrs. Everhard gave it as her opinion that if Miss Anthony ever did make the remarks in question, she made them in pure fun, and that Mrs. Corbin's must be a peculiarly sensitive nature to have been effected by them in the way which she describes. A few days late: Mrs. Everhard enclosed the clipping to Miss Anthony, asking her how much truth there really was in the statement, and the answer seems to show that besides this extreme sensitiveness, Mrs Corbin has also the gift of imagination. Miss Anthony's letter in part is as fol-

ROCHESTER, N. V., March 16, 1897. ed woman's perversion went out from trict, are in the city consulting with name, nor did I ever know her personally except through correspondence relation was a machine now being run at tive to her novel, "Rebecca or a Woman's Secret;" very many copies of which I gave as a premium to persons for getting certain numbers of subscribers for my paper, "The Resolution," in the years of operators have heretofore only contend-1868, '89 and '70. I may have met her ed for the rates that prevail in the Hock in Chicago. I do not remember, but along in the eighties I met her at the Riggs. House in Washington. I have no recollection of any such talk as she tells of, but if I did thus retort to her it was in sheerest fun. I have not answered the that would not only be unfair to the item for the simple reason that to do so will do more to advertise Mrs. Corbin and her anti-club than to catch up and antidote her intended injury. Do you not remember that she wrote under the o'clock Thursday morning, at the home the Chicago Tribune a few years ago, and that old Gov. Brown, of Georgia, gave her whole silly stuff as his adverse report in the United States Senate? It was all mighty weak slush!"

WILL WRESTLE HERE. Featheringham and Bennet Sign Articles of

Agreement. Robert Featheringham, of Massillon, and Frank Bennet, of Pigeon Run, have signed articles to wrestle in this city for a purse of \$20 on the evening of April 14. The backers of the two men called at THE INDEPENDENT office Thursday evening and deposited forfeits. Catch-ascatch-can rules will govern and two falls in three will be required to win. Both Featheringham and Bennet are able wrestlers, and although they meet at catch weights the contest will be a close and exciting one. Joseph Ehret, who is backing Bennet, has the matter in charge and will arrange a programme which will include several friendly sparring bouts. With the exception of flying falls the rules have not been modified, thus the strangling hold is permitted. Both men are training hard, and Featheringham is being looked after by Otto Klever. The referee will be chosen at the ringside.

LEGAL IN ITS NATURE-

Judge Day and His Mission as United States Commissioner to Cuba.

Washington, April 2.—It is expected that Judge William R. Day, of Canton, who is to visit Cuba as the special commissioner of President McKinley, to ininto the situation on the island, will ar- relief. rive in Washington about the middle or latter part of next week. He will spend as much time as may be necessary in an examination of the papers in the state department bearing upon the Ruiz case. and, after a thorough understanding with the President, will proceed to Havana. So far as it relates to the Ruiz case, of the Navarre Glass, Marble and Spec- old, Reaser struck Kear a blow under Judge Day's mission to Cuba will be ialty Company will be held this evening the heart. Kear is not expected to live, purely legal in its nature, and not in any sense diplomatic.

COURT HOUSE AND COUNTY Report of Expenses.

Canton, April 2.-Next week will conclude the January term of common pleas May 3 will be enacted. Thirty cases have been assigned for hearing next week, fifteen each to Judges McCarty and Taylor. There will be no court on Monday, election day. The cases assigned to Judge Taylor include those of Miller vs. the C., L. & W. railway, and Women Against Woman Suffrage" and Cruttenden vs. the Massillon Bridge Com-

> Stephen Shriver, a Jackson township farmer, assigned at 4:20 o'clock Thursday afternoon to John H. Sponseller. The assets are given at \$6,000, but no estimate of the liabilities is made.

has been granted leave to file answer and of Texas, the Democratic leader in the cross petition to the petition for sale of land in the assignment of George W. Sponseller, of New Berlin. The wills of Rosa Figenschue and Joseph D. Figen- cause he had never worn a dress suit in been filed by the guardian of Harriet Farber, of Pike township.

to Garvion J. Naftzger and Dora H. wear the sort of clothes that suits him.

the sun is a woman with your brains do- board of commissioners of Stark county by Dr. Henry F. Barnes. He asks for damages in the sum of \$296. He alleges in his petition that he fell on the side-"Bosh!" said Susan, "you never should walk in front of the court house and sus- who served with him while a member. have had 'em. Boys indeed! What will tained a sracture of an arm, February This includes some who are now in the become of them, pray? Why, they'll 26. He further alleges that the side- Senate. It was a "stag" party, only gengrow to be men-nothing but men-and walk was very slippery by reason of boys themen being present. what will they amount to in the world?" skacing thereon, and that he was knocked down by a boy striking him.

> E. L. Royer, treasurer of the Democratic central committee, has filed an official statement with Clerk Casselman of Roosevelt, of New York, and Henry J receipts and disbursments for the pri-Raymond, of Germantown, Pa. Senamary election held in Massillon March tors Quay and Penrose have heretofore 13. The total receipts from candidates been supporting ex-Congressman John were \$24. This sum was disposed of in B. Robinson, of Pennsylvania, but when the following manner: Independent Co., they saw that there was no chance of his \$1.70; Oatman Printing Co., \$8: judges appointment they dropped him and took and clerks, \$10: George Frantz, secre- up Raymond, who is a son of the late tary, \$2.50; postal cards, 65 cents; sta- Henry J. Raymond, the well known editionery, \$1.15.

> committee, received \$148.50 through as | jamin F. Tracy when he was secretary sessing candidates and the total amount of the navy. Mr. Raymond is editor of was disposed of. The central committee a Germantown paper, and with the backmen received \$32, and J. M. Myers's fees ing of the two Pennsylvania senators. for drafting various petitions and the of- who are getting a fair share of patronficial ticket aggregate \$60.

MINING SCALE TROUBLE. President Farms Refers to the Jackson County Conditions.

Columbus, April 2.—President Farms. of the Ohio division, and President W. My dear Mrs. Everhard: That wretch- Phelps, of the Jackson county sub-dis-Chicago on March 10, and found a ready Eational Secretary Pearce, of the Unicommittee. His resignation was tenderplace in every daily paper in the nation. ted Mine Workers of America, in refer-ed to Senator Hanna, as chairman of the I do not know Mrs. Corbin's maiden ence to conditions in the Jackson councommittee, and was by him at once acty district. The matter under consider the Wellston Coal Company mines, for which they say the Superintendent refuses yoint blank to pay the scale rates. It is a singular fact that Jackson county ing district, but in this instance the su perintendent is said not only to have Jefused to pay that rate, but demands the privilege of setting up a scale of his that Ohio has so far got little. The four oan. The officials have argued that other operators, but that it would be es tablishing a precedent that would work a hardship along the line to both opera tors and miners.

Just what action will be taken has no been fully determined on, but it is cer tain that active measures will be taken to put a stop to a matter that will work a hardship all along the line.

President Farms will next week visit Cleveland and will hold mass meetings at Goshen, Piketon and Wainwright mines, and the Conesville mines near Coshocton. where his attention is demanded. As the Morgan Run mine the operator has introduced an innovation in the way of screens that is claimed to work a decided hardship to the miners employed there. An effort will be made to have the screens made to comply with the standard screen now in existence and the effort will be made in such a way that the superintendent will see the injustice of his present plan for screening the coal produced at the mine.

Charles Solomon has begun a replevir suit against Constable Harry Ruck, of Canal Fulton, involving a stock of ladies and men's furnishing goods. The at tachment was issued by Justice Kitting er, of Lawrence township. Solomon also prays for damages in the sum of \$156 by forcible detention.

Aid for the Flood Sufferers. Washington, April 3 .- [By Associat-

ed Press]-The chief of the weather bureau says the river at Vicksburg began: to rise again, and rise from there to mouth to continue indefinitely. The Mississippi rises its entire length, except from Memphis to Vicksburg. It is above the danger line at St. Paul, and nearing it from Keokuk to St. Louis. The President has called on the governors of states for a statement of the needs for flood sufvestigate the death of Dr. Ricardo Ruiz, fers, with a view to calling the attention as well as, in a general way, to examine of congress to the necessity of providing

Evans May be Senator.

Frankfort, Ky., April 3. By Associated Press] - Congressman Walter Evans, who has kept aloof from factional fights, is mentioned as the man upon whom all can unite for senator. Many

lick headache. 37e at druggiste.

The Democratic County Chairman Files His Report of Expenses.

court, and on Friday an adjournment to So Representative Bailey Did not Go to the Dinner.

PRESIDENT M'KINLEY URGED HIM.

A Man Can Wear the Sort of Clothes that Suit Him Best Under This Administration News and Interesting Gossip from the National Capital.

Washington, April 3.—President Mc Kinley entertained at dinner, Friday evening, the members of the ways and On his own motion Joseph A. Pierson | means committee. Representative Bailey House, was, of course, invited, but went to the White House yesterday to present his regrets at not being able to attend be-"But, Mr. Bailey," said the President, "this is an American administra-A marriage license has been granted tion, and every man who comes can Now, I want you to come, and come Suit has been brought against the wearing the clothes you want to wear." But Mr. Bailey was resolute and did not go.

The President entertained, Thursday night, all those in the present congress

It is understood that the contest for assistant secretary of the navy, to succeed William McAdoo, has narrowed down to a finish fight between Theodore tor of the New York Times, and who at Treasurer T. J. Palm, of the Canton one time acted as secretary to Gen. Benage, he hopes to be successful. Mr. Roosevelt is being earnestly urged by Senator Lodge, and it is asserted that he has the backing of Secretary Long.

Shortly before 6 o'clock last evening General William M. Osborne, of Boston. who was recently appointed consul general to London, resigned the position of man Hanna appointed Major Charles million. Dick, of Akron, secretary of the committee. The appointment carries with it a salary of \$5,000 a year.

The Washington Star said last evening: "The many jocular remarks about the great number who were slated to get office have given way to more serious observations of the division of the patronage up to date. A study of this shows country which were supposed to have been most bitterly hostile to President lican nomination was on hand. New York gets two of the ambassadorships, Massachusetts gets another, and the District of Columbia the fourth. The next pest place, the mission to Austria, went to Pennsylvania. This has been the same as to other good positions. Leaving out the cabinet places, Ohio has really had but one appointment so far. That was Colonel Brigham, as assistant secretary of agriculture. Major Butterworth' appointment as commissioner of patents is not considered by many as chargeable to Ohio."

STARK COUNTY'S TREASURY. The Semi-Annual Examination Completed

Today.

CANTON, April 3. -- The county com missioners and county auditor today comthe Stark county treasury. Their report is an exceptionally favorable one, reflecting creditably upon the efficiency of Treasurer Geib and his deputies. The books were found to be absolutely correct, also ample funds to meet all obligations. The total assets of the office are estimat ed at \$96,321.32 of which \$26,250 belongs to the county fund.

Canton has a total balance of \$65,079. 60, the Canton water works a balance of \$2,185.41 and the park commission a demands on the treasury the treasurer has to his credit a balance of \$2,328.85.

And William Stuhldreher Sustained Serious Injuries.

THE LADDER SLIPPED.

William Stuhldreher, who resides it Jackson township, just north of town. was pruning an apple tree on Thursday. He did not notice that the ladder on which he stood was slipping until too late, and in the fall he sustained two fractured ribs and internal injuries. Al though he is 78 years of age, Dr. B. J. Miller has good hopes for his recovery Mr Stuhldreher has no family.

The Record is Broken.

I B. Dangler has worked behind the counter selling dry goods for sixty-seven members are absent. The agreement to years, therefore has concluded not to cast one vote for each candidate was car- sell goods any longer. He says: "If any of my old friends wish to see me on busi-Wright's Celery Tea cures constipation ness or otherwise they will find me at Humberger's dry goods house.'

CANTON AND COURT HOUSE. tems of interest from the County Seat-Probate Court Notes.

Canton, April 3.—The cases of Blanch Jagerst vs. Henry McNeal, and Minnie Rohrer vs. Frank Witmer, were disposed of yesterday and the jury was dismissed until Tuesday of next week. Both defendants were found guilty of the charges preferred and each ordered to pay the respective plaintiffs \$500. In default of payment they were committed to jail.

Henrietta Walker has applied for a divorce from Jacob Walker, whom she married in September, 1864. Mrs. Walker charges her husband with extreme cruelty, non-support and habitual drunkenness. She also desires alimony and the custody of the minor children.

The will of Charles Trump, of Washington township, has been filed for probate. In the assignment of Wm. H. Stahl, of Navarre, a petition for sale of real estate has been filed and sale ordered. An application for allowance to assignor in lien of homestead has also been filed. The guardians of Harvey. Mathias and Minnie Sell, of Paris township, and Hazel and Lottie Hopper, of Alliance, have filed final accounts. In the assignment of Frank Wallace, of Alliance, public sale of chattel property has been ordered. The will of Hilary Lux, of Massillon, has been filed for pro-

MR. YOCKEY IS HAPPY. His Appointment as Postmaster at Canal

Fulton Assured. Canal Fulton, April 3.—The happiest

man in the community this morning is J. P. Yockey. He received information yesterday afternoon from Congressman Tayler that he would be recommended for postmaster at this place, and all last evening he was kept busy receiving congratulations and setting them up to the boys. We congratulate Mr. Tayler on his prompt and satisfactory disposition of this matter, as it gives universal satisfaction to our people, barring, of course. the disappointed candidates.

Mr. James Campbell, for many years a highly respected citizen of this place, died yesterday morning at the home of his daughter, three miles west of town. He had for several years been sorely afflicted with asthma and heart disease.

Prof. Leeds, the famous hypnotist, began a four nights' engagement at the opera house last Wednesday evening. but failing the first night to hypnotize any of the dozen who subjected themselves to his wiles, he became disgusted and left town early Thursday morning.

BAD FIRE AT CHATTANOOGA.

Two Lives Lost and Great Damage to Property Sustained.

CHATTANOOGA, April 3 .-- [By Associatecretary of the Republican national ed Press - The Richardson block burned this morning. Boyd Ewing, receiver of the Harman Land Company; was burned to death. S. M. Patton, architect, is cepted. A few minutes afterward Chair- missing. The loss will be over half a

All the occupants of the building escaped except Boyd Ewing, one of the wealthiest men in the state, and S. M. Patton, one of the most prominent architects of the South. Ewing tried to climb down a fire escape, but fell from the top. Patton had no chance to escape, and his body is in the ruins. Nothing was saved from the building. The fire caught from the furnace in the basement and run up big places abroad went to sections of the the elevator shaft. The watchman was slow turning in alarm. Many lawyers had offices in the building, and lost valu-McKinley when his fight for the Republable papers. Frank Carlock, a young lawver, was badly injured by falling from a ladder while trying to save his papers in his office. The property was insured for about one-half.

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL CONVENTION. Officers and Delegates Elected at the Friday Session.

The convention of the Stark County Sunday School Association, which was held in Canton on Thursday and Friday, was one of the most enthusiastic sessions held since its organization seven years ago. There were 133 delegates present. The closing meeting was held Friday night and was conducted by the Rev. L. H. Roper, of Canton. Friday morning devotional services were conducted by the Rev. F. H. Simpson, of Massillon. Prof. E. A. Jones, of Massilpleted their semi-annual examination of lon, was present during the entire convention, and took an active part in the

The officers elected for the following year are as follows: J. E. Morris, president; C. B. Heck-

man, recording secretary: Ella Holm, corresponding secretary; G. W. Miller, treasurer. Executive committee. E. A. Jones, O. W. Kurtz and Jacob Grossman.

The delegates to the state convention from the various township are as follows: The Rev. N. A. Ernst, Bethlehem: Wilbalance of \$2500. Over and above all liam Kettering, Jackson: the Rev. H. J. Christman, Lake; J. H. Focht, Lawrence; Mary B. Logue, Marlboro; the Rev. D. G. Davidson, Nimishillen; John Mowl, Osnaburg: E. A. Zininger, Paris: the Rev. J. L. Kimmel, Plain; Mrs. C. Kreichbaum, Pike: Albert Grubb, Sandy; W. S. Johnson, Sugar Creek; Mr. Antram. Washington.

J. F. BOWMAN.

Of New Pittsburg, O., Recommends Wright's Celery Capsules, New Pittsburg, O., Jan. 21, 1897.

The Wright Medical Co., Columbus, O. Dear Sirs: I have purchased a box of Wright's Celery Capsules from Geo. J. Kreiger, druggist, Wooster, O., and used them for Rheumatism and Stomach Trouble. The Capsules relieved me and I am now in excellent health. It is the best remedy I ever used. I amout in all kinds of weather carrying overland mail, and am now in perfect health. I gladly recommend the Capsules. Very truly,

J. F. BOWMAN.

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HE INDEPENDENT COMPANY INDEPENDENT BUILDING, Massillon, O.

30 North Erie St. WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1863. DAILY FOUNDED IN 1887

SEMI-WEEKLY FOUNDED IN 1896 LONG DISTANCE TELEPHONE NO. 60. FARMERS' TELEPHONE NO. 80.

MONDAY, APRIL 5, 1897

The usual election extra of The Inde-PENDENT will be issued on next Tuesday morning, with complete returns from this and other cities.

A REMARKABE MONTH

The month of March has proved a remarkable one in the history of the Wil son tariff law. The treasury has actually a small surplus for the month's operations, an event so unusual in the history of this act as to draw marked attention. This is due, however, to the fact that importers in the early part of the month took alarm lest the Dingley bill should be so framed as to shut off in some way their right of importing under the present low tariff rates, and therefore withdrew enormous quantities from the bonded warehouses, paying the duties on them and thus increasing the revenues to nearly what they averaged per month under the McKinley law, and making the surplus for the month of March. This makes the fourth month in the history of the Wilson law in which an apparent monthly surplus has been created, but in every prior case it was accomplished by holding back payments in order to make especially good showings just previous to elections or at the close of the fiscal or calendar year.

ROADS AND ROADS.

An American farmer visiting France and Germany will certainly be interested. and perhaps somewhat amazed, to see the average country highways as there existing--broad, smooth roadways, splendidly surfaced with stone, suitable for h avy traffic in all kinds of weather, and generally lined on both sides with tall, stately trees, shading the highway like a park driveway. He would wonder at the money which had been spent upon them. With a solid stone roadway, on which an ordinary wagon tire would make no impression, it is not to be wondered at that three and four tons of produce should be loaded upon an ordinary farm wagon which is there built with tires four or six inches wide. A French load of hay approaching our American farmer from a distance, would at once bring to his mind a vision as of a moving hay stack, such a great difference is there between the ordinary load of hay as there hauled to market and the load he is accustomed to see among his American neighbors.

Contrast such a system of roads with those of our country, with which all of us dwelling in a rural community are so familiar. The law lays out a highway sixty-six feet wide, but it is rare that more than twenty feet of this ground are appropriated for highway purposes proper. The "highway," such as it is, is rough and uneven, and the ordinary wagon passing over it travels through an inch or two inches of dust in dry weather, and through three or four inches of bog, very frequently, after a rain of no unusual severity. This is the road on the level. Where a hill exists conditions are even worse, for the action of rain and snow washes away the soil at the top of the hill, leaving the surface covered with the roughest of gravel, and transforming the "road" at the foot of the hill into what, after a shower, is a veritable quagmire.

PERKINS ON THE TARIFF-

I have been engaged by the patriotic Wilson-Cleveland Democrats to get up arguments against McKinley and hi wicked protective tariff. The star Democrat argument is this:

"A protective tariff is a benefit to the few at the expense of the many.'

That paragraph is our stock in trade. This is Bryan's argument, too.

I am working this Democratic argument for all it is worth now. This is the way I prove it to the wicked Repub-

I go to Dingley, Platt, Grosvenor and Dolliver and knock them out with questions. I know, of course, that 20,000,000 laboring men benefitted by the tariff are the many, but I knock this fact out with our Democratic arguments. I go to the

Republicans and say: "Weren't the aggregate wages earned by all our laboring men in our mills, on our railroads, and in our mines in 1890 according to our last census reports

\$9,000,000,000. "Yes," admits Mr. Dingley, "the men got that \$9,000,000,000."

"And the finished product of all the mills was worth \$11,000,000,000, wasn't it?"

"Then," I said, looking at the wicked Dolliver of Iowa, "if the 20,000,000 workmen got \$9,000,000,000 out of the \$11,-000,000,000 for which the finished product sold, then the owners of all the mills, railroads, hotels, and mines, who put up all the money and run all the risk; got \$2,000,000,000, while the workman got \$9,000,000,000,"

"Yes," nodded Mr. Dolliver, we admit the fact, don't we Mr. Platt?"

"Yes," said Mr Platt, who saw our star Democratic argument had crawled into the ground and pulled the hole in after it. "This 'many' and 'few' argument of the Southern free traders is very

translucent." "Of course," I said, "the millions of laborers are the 'few,' and the few thousands of mill owners are the 'many '''

Then what do you think happened? Wby, an agnostic smile seemed to spread wer the faces of Dingley and Grosvenor, while Tom Reed and Platt lighted their eigars and turned their backs on me.

hees, and Tennessee McMillin, who have been using the "few-and-many" argument for years.

"Of course the laboring men are the few,' " said South Carolina Laurens and Massachusetts Free Silver Williams. "The laboring men are being swindled by the tariff. The grasping monopolists, thieving goldbugs, awful trusts, and -" I cut Free Silver Williams's talk off in the middle by leaving for the Smithsonian institution to get more original Democratic arguments from an Egyptian ELI PERKINS.

WINE AT THE WHITE HOUSE.

To the Editor of The Independent: Please let me know whether the President permits wine at state dinners.

Anxious Inquirer.

It is reported on credible authority that at the first state dinner given to the

TODAY'S MARKETS.

Latest Reports From the Centers of Trade.

New York, April 3 .- The market today was dull but firm. The opening was close and the first half hour showed a dition weakness but shortly before the close better prices prevailed. Inasmuch as the bank statement was not as favorable as was expected, the rally was addicted to covering by shorts for over Sunday. The bank statement follows: BANK STATEMENT.

Reserve de	ecrea-	sed \$1,229,175
Loans	• •	
Specie	4.4	810
Legals		1.815.700
Deposits	e k	2.746,500
Circulatio		125,630
Cricago	$0. \cdot A$	pril 3.—Foreign demand
		The second of th

for wheat is light. Liverpool came penny higher, which is surprising to us, as we had only advanced about 1. This made our market strong and it advanced to 71%, but here selling orders came into the market and big bears pounded the market down to 70%, closing at the lowest point of the day. There will be no session of the local board on Tuesday, April 6, election day.

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ļ	Wheat					
1	May		$71\frac{1}{2}6 - \frac{1}{2}6$		70% y	71Hg-3
i	July		70% \	7028	59 4	₽₩ 4 - 2
	Oats.					
	July		$15^{1}/_{4}$	181.	I ~	18
	May		17%-1/2	173.47	1715	17%
	Corn.					
	Inty .		_11	26	يع (م	
.	May		24%-, y	24-7-	24//4	211,1
	Pork.					
	May		8 47	B 47	8 30	8 32
	July		8 60	3.60	4 45	8 47
	Lard					
,	May		422	4 22	4 Lã	
	July	.,	4 32	4 82	4 25	4 27
ı	Tolei	oo.	April	3[B]	y . Ass	ociates
ĺ	Press]-			T		
	Tress]_	1711				

The following figures show fluctuations of stocks as furnished by T B Arnold's exchange

Open-	High.	TOM.	CIOSP
ing.			
American Sugar110%	$1111\frac{1}{16}$	110^{1}_{2}	
American Tobacco 73%	7.4		78° .
C. B & Q 72	728/4	7134	775
Chicago Gas 781/2	74%	7512	75,
General Electric 3134	811/4	31-4	31%
Louisville & Nashville 461/4	46%	4-) 5	4.11.
Lake Shore165%	16.7%	155 4	1653,
Jersey Central 79	791/6	777 _h	791
Manhattan35/4	84	3342	833),
Northwest105	105	105	
Reading 21	$21\frac{1}{2}$	21	21
St. Paul 7812			7:1 .
Western Union 50%	50%		50

The Massillon Markets. The following prices are being paid in the Massillon markets for grain and produce on this date April 8, 1897

LILIS CIBE TENTE	
GRAIN MARKET,	
Wheat per bushel	- 1
W Hear ber businer	21.21
Rye, per bushel	1. 12
Danieles	4.,
Burley	ga (E
Barley Wool,	1 (8)
	4 10.
Clare Seed	9 111
front man as to be a self-construction of the construction of the	
Timothy Seed	70
Bran, per 100 lbs	
Bran, per 100 lbs	(1)
Hay	-8.00
11.00	
PRODUCE.	
	15

	LL By
c	PRODUCE.
- 1	Choice Butter, per 1b 15
p	Eggs, per dozen
S İ	Lard, bealb
	Hams, per lb
۱- ا	Shoulders per lb
	Sides
	la cara
6	intrace Doong par hushel 25-1 3
	Potatoes
	Ontone
١.	Apples80-3
	Liverancestad Amnies Choice 9°4
	blokana Hva
l•	l Deind Pagenes neeled
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5	Salt, per barrel
	Compared and a contract of the

An Amusing Toast.

A well known young lawyer is credited with making a harmless buil at a banquet given by a local organization not many nights ago. Toasts were called for, and to the young lawyer fell the honor of suitably remembering the absent friends. This is the way he announced it:

"Our absent friends-how soon we would show them the depth of our regret at their absence if they were only here with us tonight."

And the funniest thing about it was that nobody caught on to the bull until some time afterward. - Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Gomez Sueing For Peace.

Madrid, April 3.-A rumor has been circulated in the chamber of deputies to the effect that General Maximo Gomez, the commander-in-chief of the Cuban army, is sueing for peace

Four Murderers Hung. Santa Fe, April 3 .-- Francisco Gon-

zalas V'Borsego, Antonio Gonzalas V'Borrego, Sauriano Alarid and Patricio Valencia, condemned to death for the murder of ex-Sheriff Frank Chavez, who was killed from ambush on the night of May 29, 1892, have hanged together on one scaffold.

Archb stop Plankett Dead. DUBLIN, April 2.—The Rt. Hon. and

Most Rev. William Conningham Plunkett, a Protestant archbishop of Dublin, is dead.

The silence was broken by Vest, Voors And Queer Indeed Is Fannie Croacher.

HAS WON AND LOST FORTUNES.

An Expert at Cards, She Lives by Gam bling With the Lumbermen of Northern Wisconsin Plays Like a Thoroughbred. Her Strange History.

On the military wagon road about five

miles from the city of Superior, Wis., in the midst of a dense pine forest and hidden from the view of travelers by a cluster of towering, sentinellike firs, stands a quaint old log cabin, which has been for 18 years and is now the home of an eccentric and most interesting feminine character. Her real name is unknown. Years ago she was known all over the head of the lake region as Fannie Croacher, the homesteader. She came with a man named Croacher from Pennsylvania and resided with him for a cabinet, no wines were served. There few months at the old Superior house. She were extra glasses for mineral water was supposed to be the old gentleman's daughter, but after his desertion of her she denied all relationship to him and took up her residence upon a homestead tract of land. Always after she objected to any mention of the name Croacher and requested that acquaintances call her just plain Fannie. Gradually time relieved bor of the hated appellation and substituted a but a fraction lower than yesterday's name that better suited her fancy and con-

Fannie Queer is the name under which she now lives, but occasionally an old acporintagic excites her ire by politely saluting "Miss Croacher." Fannie Queer is one of the shrewdest card players that ever set at the table round. She has fought many a desperate battle of chance with



LANNIE CROACHER, COMMONLY CALLED

men in all stations of life. She has won and lost a diren fortunes, but a cool head and good judgment, together with a boldness marveled at by the card sharks with whom she had come in contact, invariably prevailed over discouragement. Her course distered from the usual one of the professional gambler, and today she is a rich woman, though still engaged in the card business and living a life of seclusion, with the wolves and other wild animals of the ferests as neighbors.

Tannie is 55 years of age, but retains the beauty for which she was noted 18 years age. Though associated with all dasses of people, principally of the masculine gender, during her long residence in the wilderness, and exteriencing many of the up and downs and hardships and inconveniences usually attendant upon a backwoods life, Miss Queer is modest and well mannered

When she located upon the homestead claim her object in so doing was to acquire the timber standing thereon. During the period of five years which she was required by the government to remain upon the claim she learned to play nearly every card game that was ever invented and learned to play them well. But she never played for money, because she had but little money to play with, until one evening a voling woodsman who had received his pay for a season's work happened that way with a number of friends and requested lodging for the night. Situated as she was on a well traveled road in the center of logging operations, she had nade a prac tice of supplying food and lodging to travtlers, and derived considerable income therefrom. This young man with his friends was cordially received on a raw March night, and to pass away the time a game of cards was played. It was poker for money, and the young lady was a nov ice, but she proved an apt scholar and a lucky one. She won \$40 or \$50. This gave her a start, and after that day the fascination for eard playing gained the better of her.

At the end of five years she sold her timber for \$4,000, and for a few years after that she mer with very poor luck in her card manipulations. She became known among the lumbermen as a "sucker," and the lumber jack that didn't have the money often borrowed it to get into a little game with Fannie. They were usually successful. But after a time her luck be gan to change. Then came a period of the most extraordinary success that ever befell a poker player. Some said she cheated, but they watched her closely and discovered nothing. Others said she was bewitched, but all respected her and agreed that she was a great player and an exceptionally good "bluffer." She had accumulated \$10,000 at one time, but there came another change, and again she was looked upon as a "sneker." Although she had lost every cent of her accumulations, she did not want for backers, and in six months thereafter she was worth \$5,000. She was t always willing to bet to her limit, and at one time was known to have staked \$3,000 on a pair of deuces, compelling her opponent to lay down a full house.

Her fortune grew steadily year after year, and in the spring of 1893 she was supposed to be worth about \$15,000. The common wage lumbermen had almost ceased to call at her home, but the professional card players of Milwankee, Chicago Minneapolis and other western cities had determined to secure a slice of her snug the best results of all the clovers. little fortime, and they did succeed, by forming a combination that spring, in reducing her limit to \$7,000. A year later she came in contact with a party of fisher men from Chicago. They were well supplied with money and the lady succeeded in relieving them of \$10,000 within a week's time. They accused her of cheating and threatened to raid the place providing she did not refund the amount of her winnings, but a revolver dexterously brandished satisfied the gentlemen that card playing was not the sole accomplish-

ment of their hostess.

OATS AND PEAS FOR FODDER

For Soiling Food This Mixture Is Not Easily Surpassed.

peas and oats together for certain uses,

but when thus grown I would not think of thrashing the combined crop. It is unnecessary labor. When thus grown, the crop should be cut a little before it is ripe. When the oats have turned yellow a few inches from the ground upward, the crop is ready to cut. All the nutriment that it will ever contain will then be in the crop. The grain will then be in the dough stage. Cut with the binder and tie in small sheaves quite loosely; stand the sheaves up in long shocks two and two. Don't thrash before feeding. If the crop be fed to cattle or sheep, they will do the thrashing and also the grinding in the best possible way. When fed to cows, it may be well to run the mixture through a cutting box, for then other meal may be added very conveniently should it be wanted. It would not need to be thus prepared for sheep. They will do the cutting, thrashing and grinding." Thus writes Professor Thomas Shaw in The Rural New Yorker, in reply to questions asked by a Minnesota farmer and referred to him for answer. The following is also from his pen:

In sowing this food, mix the seed and sow with the grain drill. Bury 212 to 312 inches, according to soil, and just when the young plants begin to show run over the ground with a slant tooth harrow. The proportions of the mixture must be determined by the farmer himself by actual test. In the Gallatin Valley, Mon., if one-third only of the mixture were oats, the oats would be overpowered with the peas. In southern Minnesota, with the same proportions of seed, the danger would be imminent that the peas would be overshadowed by the oats. In the eastern states, it will probably be found that the crop requires to be sown in about equal proportions.

The advantages from sowing this crop are: First, to provide soiling food and fodder excellent in quality; second, to save the labor of thrashing and grinding, and, third, to secure the consumption of all the straw on account of its palatability. Again I say, farmers, try this crop. It may mean much to you. Peas bring nitrogen to the soil from the air. A crop of peas may be taken from the soil, and it will be richer in nitrogen after the removal of the crop than before it was grown. That is a cheaper way of getting nitrogen than buying it from the manufacturer of fertilizers.

As a food for horses, one-third peas would be better than one-half. Peas are not commonly fed to horses because of their dearness as compared with oats and because of the greater labor of grinding them when fed whole, owing to their hardness.

Tobacco Stems as Fertilizers.

Tobacco stems supply both nitrogen and potash. These stems must not be carded when the leaf is cut into wrappers or stemmed for the English markets. They are largely employed in fertilizing tobacco fields; also potatoes, corn, grass and other potash feeding crops. Stems vary considerably in analysis, according to the quantity of sand and water present. American Agriculturist in this connection gives the following information:

Tobacco stems are usually a good purchase at \$10 per ton. Kentucky stems contain about 25 per cent water, 62 per cent organic and volatile matter, including 1.8 per cent nitrogen and 13 per cent mineral matter, of which about 8 per cent is potash and 1 per cent phosphoric acid. Seed leaf stems are usually drier, containing about the same quantity of nitrogen and phosphoric acid, but one-fourth less potash. As with all coarse material, stems should be applied very early in the spring, and the better plan is to plow them under in the fall. They supply both nitrogen and potash and are well suited to the tobacco crop. They are so popular in the Connecticut valley that all the stems available have been used, and before the season for selling closed-about June 10-each year has found the dealers with their stocks exhausted and their late orders unfilled, from 3,000 to 5,000 tons of stems being used annually.

Investigations of Maple Sap.

The tabulated data, including the general range in percentage of saccharose found in sap of various trees during three years, have been published by the New Hampshire station. The range in percentage of sugar was very wide, the richest sap coming from fully developed trees. There was a decrease in the percentage of sugar as the season advanced. In the trials so far the sap from the north side was richest, and sap from the trunk was richer than that from the branches. Deep tapping gave more sap than shallow, and tapping on the south side gave more than on the north side. Tapping twice close together showed no advantage. Sirups from soft maples were inferior in color and flavor to those from rock maples.

Odd Mention. At the Kansas station Red Kaffir corn-

meal did not prove equal to commeal for fattening cattle, though the difference in favor of the corn was less marked than in the case of the bogs. At the Indiana station alfalfa gave

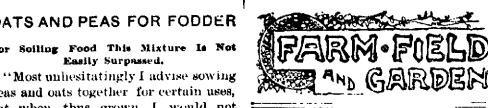
Charles E. Thorne of the Ohio station

favors the sowing of soja beans instead of millet to turn under for wheat. Early Michigan potato is said to be

earlier and in other ways superior to

Early Ohio. A bill is before the Illinois legislature providing for an institute bureau at the

University of Illinois. Mansury barley and Turkish Red wheat both received favorable mention from the Iowa station.



LUMBER AND FUEL.

Farmers Are Advised to Grow These and Directed How to Do It.

Interest has been awakened on the important subject of farmers producing their own lumber and fuel. A Nebrakan, alive to the wisdom of growing firewood, fencing and lumber, writes : letter, from which is here quoted the following: "Farmers who have more land that

they can well take care of should plant part to timber—oak, hickory, chestnut and also some quicker growing kinds for firewood. The old way the timber claims were planted, 12 by 12 feet or 4 by 4 feet between the trees, proved a failure because the trees were not and could not be properly cultivated. If they had been set far enough apart to allow four rows of come between each row of trees, and the trees set one foot apart in the row, every timber claim would have been a success, because the trees would have been cultivated at the right time to do them some good, and the farmer would have had something for his work for the first two or three years. Forest trees must grow close together if they are to be fit for anything; if far apart, they grow bushy, like an apple tree. Each variety should be planted in separate rows, and small, young trees with good roots should be used. Replant the next year if replant ing is necessary. Plant some quick growing kinds for firewood and slower growing kinds for timber, like walnut, ash, oak and chestnut, but always such kinds as are adapted to your locality and soil, or you will have nothing for your work." This last suggestion should be given

careful attention, according to The Farm Journal, in which it originally appeared and which adds the information that soils containing a good deal of sand and gravel suit the chestmut, but it does not succeed on heavy clay lands. On heavier soils the oaks grow well; also walnut and hickories. On either light or heavy soil, provided there is good natural drainage and lime or marl exists in the subsoil, the locust grows well and is a valuable timber. Some variety of the maples will adapt itself to almost any sort of soil, from a sand bank to a swamp, but the maples, as a rule, are not valuable to grow except for fuel. On alluvial soils the elm, buttonwood, bur oak, linden, cottonwood, willow and the like find their natural habitat. Pines, spruces and cedars find their natural conditions under particular circumstances of soil-moisture, temperature and altitude.

Another correspondent of the same journal thinks the white pine (Pinus strobus) the most profitable tree to grow on much of the waste land of the eastern and middle states, although he would encourage the growing of all confused with tobacco stalks. Stems other timber and nut trees on lands are the midribs of the leaf that are dis-suitable for them. Few places are so high or low, so poor, rich or dry, that the white pine will not grow upon them. The Nebraska correspondent recommends planting young trees, but this is not always and everywhere the best method. The cheapest and surest method for many kinds of trees is to grow them direct from the seeds. Mr. Lyman would plant the pine seed about as thick as we plant corn, so as to have no large, low limbs, but tall, smooth bodied, straight trees, and thin them often, so as to keep the trees intended for timber rapidly growing. Several thousand acres of sandy barrens have been profitably planted to the pitch pine and white pine in Bristol and Plymouth

counties, Mass. The white oak, white ash and hickory, planted four feet apart each way, would early furnish 1,000 or perhaps would early furnish 1,000 or perhaps County, Olito, and to medirected I will offer 2,000 hoop poles to the acre from the for sale at public anction, at the door of the thinnings, and the later thinnings are very valuable timber. The rapid growing chestnut is for some lands probably the most profitable tree to grow, as it is early fit for fencing and railroad ties, and the larger trees for "finishing" and other lumber, saying nothing of its delicious nuts. Good nut and sugar maple orchards ought to be generally on every large farm for the nuts, sugar and tim
Massilion, in the County of Stark and state of Ohio, and known as and being lots number one (1), two (2), three (3), timeteen (3) is early fit for fencing and railroad ties, large farm for the nuts, sugar and timber. The red or black oak is a quick growing, valuable tree.

For fenceposts nothing is so good as the locust, a tree easily and quickly grown from seed on any farm, according to the journal quoted from.

How to Use Lime. The most convenient method of ap-

plying lime to the soil is this: The fresh burned lime is drawn direct from the kiln and spread on the field where it is to be used in small heaps two rods apart in each direction. This divides the land into fortieths of an acre, and as 40 bushels of lime is the standing quantity applied this gives one bushel to each of these heaps. In a few days the lime slakes down into a fine powder by absorption of moisture from the air. It is quite unncesssary, indeed not desirable, to go to the trouble of covering the heap of lime with soil; the moisture of the air or from one shower of rain is sufficient to reduce the lime to a very fine powder, which is then very easily spread by a long handled shovel from each heap so as entirely to cover the ground. Forty bushels to the acre will just whiten the land all over, says a Country Gentleman correspondent. The Wheat Corn Combination.

The Cincinnati Price Current calls attention to the substitution of corn in

part for wheat in the manufacture of cheap flour. Cheap flour is demanded, and millers have resorted to every expedient to furnish it. In corn they have found a cheap adulterant and a wholesome one. It is stated that the wheatcorn combination cannot be distinguished from the pure wheat flour except by analysis.

DEMOCRATS PAID THEIR RESPECTS. Bailey and Others Visited the President.

O her Callers. Washington, April 2. -Mr. Bailey of Texas and a number of other Demo-

orats have called on President McKin-All the Republican members of the

ways and means committee, with the exception of Chairman Dinley, paid their respects. The president will give a complimentary dinner at the White House this evening in their honor. Speaker Reed, it is understood, has

made only three requests of the president; one is for the appointment of Dr. Thomas as minister to Norway and Sweden, which will be done, another is the appointment of ex-Congressman Aldrich of Illinois as minister to Belgium and another the appointment of William P. Ledger of Atlanta, a colored man, as consul to Jamaica. The two latter have been ardent followers of the speaker's political fortunes and worked with great zeal for his nomination at St. Louis.

General Grosvenor of Ohio and Sena tor Late of Tennessee called to urge the selection of General H. V. Boynton as chairman of the Chickamauga national park commission to succeed General Fullerton. Senator Perkins of California and

Senator Proctor of Vermont, accom-

panied by Colonel John S Mosby, the

famous Confederate guerrilla, saw the president relative to the latter's candidacy for the position of consul general to Havana to succeed General Lee. It is understood that Judge William R. Day of Ohio will return here in about ten days, and, after an investigation here of the Ruiz case, will go to Havana on a special mission. Judge Nathau Goff of West Virginia also called. There is an impression about the White House that in the

event of the retirement of Associate Justice Field of the supreme court and the appointment of Attorney General McKenna to the bench, that Judge Goff may be induced to accept the position of attorney general. There is also of course speculation as

to the possibility that Judge Goff may succeed Associate Justice Field. The justice is now very old, but has not decided anything regarding the time when he will quit the bench.



Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Will cure the worst forms of female complaints, all ovarian troubles, inflammation and ulceration, falling and displacements of the womb, and consequent spinal weakness, and is peculiarly adapted to the change of life.

Every time it will cure Backache. rhoa by removing the cause, than any remedy the world has ever known; it is almost infallible in such cases. It dissolves and expels tumors from the uterus in an early stage of development, and checks any tendency to cancerous humors. Lydia E. Pinkham's Liver Pills work in unison with the Compound, and are a sure cure for constipation and sick headache. Mrs. Pinkham's Sanative Wash is of great value for local application.

Sheritf's Sale.

THE STATE OF OHIO | SS.

STARK COUNTY McLain.

ORDER OF SALE. Bunnell et. al. By virtue of an order of sale issued by the lerk of the court of common pleas of Stark

court house, in the city of Canton, on Saturday, April 24, 1897,

he following described real estate, to wit.

Tract No. One-Situated in the City of Massilion, in the County of Stark and state number seventy-seven (77) of the amicable division or partition of certain lands in said township made October 17th, 1848, by and between William L. Wetmore, Richard S. Fay and the executors of Amos Binney, deceased received in the records of said county, which is bounded as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of lot number nineteen (19) in Woodlawn addition to said city, and running thence a ong the north line of said lot, easterly, three hundred and two (\$2) feet, more or less, to the west line of Kent street, thence north on the west line of Kent street to the point of intersection of that line with a continuation of the north line of lots number three (3) and nineteen line of lots number three (3) and nineteen (19) in said T. B. George's addition; thence west along said continued line three hundred and two (502) feet, more or less, to the west line of said lot number seventy seven (77) and thence southerly along said west line of said lot number seventy seven (77) in said amicable partition to the place of beginning, and also the Woodlawn addition to said City of Massillon, as recorded May 22d, 173 in said play records, book 2, page 71, containing twenty (20) acres of land, more

Appraised at \$2,500.

Tract No. Two.—And also so much of the following described tract of land as lies north of the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway, and described as follows: Situnted in said county of Stark and township of Perry, known and described as lot num-ber eighty-five (85) in the amicable division or partition aforesaid, and known also as all that part of the northeast quarter of section number seventeen (17) in said township, boar ded on its north and east sides by the north and east lines respectively of said quarter; on its south side by the middle line of the Richville road, and on its west side by the east line of lot number eighty four (84) in said amicr ble partition, containing thirty-seven and seventy-two one-hundredths (37-72-100) acres of land, excepting therefrom the one and fifty-eight one-hundredths (1-58-100) acres now occupied and used by the Pitisburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Railway Company, and a strip conveyed off of the east side thereof by M. Witt and wife to Peter Welker, reference being here made

to Peter Welker, reference being here made to the ceed of conveyance for terms and description leaving in said lot number eighty-five (85) thirty-six (33) acres of land.

Appraised at \$1,300.

Tract No. Three,—Also so much of the tract of land described as the thirty six (38) acre piece in Truct No. Two above as lies south of the Pittsburg, Ft. Wayne & Chicago Rallway.

south of the accordance ago Railway.
Appraised at \$2,800.
Total appraisement, \$5,500.
Terms cash, Sale to commence at 10
HIRAM DOLL, Sheriff,

. NewspaperARCHIVE®

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®.

BIG FARMERS' TRUST.

A Gigantic Combine Being Organized In This Country.

WILL CONTROL GRAIN MARKETS.

All Produce to Be Stored and Only Sold at the Orders of Boards of Directors. A Pennsylvanian Now Organizing In Ohlo-Features of the Organization.

Toledo, April 2.—A gigatic farmers' trust is now being organized in this country. One of the national organizers, registering as P. F. Brown, Johnstown, Pa., after being here some days, left his papers at the Jefferson House when he left for Columbus, and in this manner the secret leaked out. While here he conferred with leading legislators, such as ex-Representative Charles P. Griffin, Hon. Jonas Stanbery, who has been placed at the head of the organization in this section, and many others. Several branches were secretly organized and the order is strictly oathbound. It originated at Lancaster, Ps., and was incorporated under the laws of New Jersey as the Agriculturists' National Protective association.

The supreme body is made up of one representative from each state, whose duties are similar to those of a board of directors of an ordinary corporation. Each state has a subordinate board of directors consisting of ane representative from each congressional district. Each district, in turn, is governed by a board of two members from each county. Each county is under the immediate control of a board, ranging from 5 to 11 in number, who directs the movements of the township organizations.

It is the purpose to do nothing this year in the way of controlling the markets, because the organization is not yet complete. Next year, however, the crops will be limited to the actual living needs of the members of the organi-

If the plan is carried out, not a dollar's worth of farm produce of any kind will be sold for general consumption. After the year the 1898 there will be erected or rented in each county in such numbers and so located as may seem best and most convenient, store houses, in which all products for the market will be placed. These will be in the control of the county board of directors. From these warehouses the products will be shipped as the state and national directors may order and the quantities of goods sold in the inimediate neighborhood will be regulated somewhat after the plan of the anthracite coal combine.

PLAIN TALK TO GERMANY.

Olney Hal a Tilt With the Ambassador Over Samoan Affairs.

WASHINGTON, April 3 .- Samoan affairs were much discussed last year between Secretary Olney and Baron Thielmann, the German ambassador here. The volume of foreign relations just published shows that the baron was obliged a year ago to call upon Secretary Olney to pay \$1,267 as the United States' share of maintaining old ex-King Mataafa, and took occasion to speak of the deficiencies in Samoan revenues and to ask the intentions of the United States as to remedial measures.

Secretary Olney paid the money and declared that the existing treaty was unsatisfactory to the United States, and should be modified or abrogated.

In his next letter the secretary, however warned the ambassador that it was a grave error to assume to proceed as if the administration of Samoa were virtually and exclusively German, and expressed an anticipation that conciliatory and proper action would be enjoined upon the German consul at Apia. A little later on the ambassador in turn wound up a note to Secretary Olney by a blunt refusal to transmit his views to Berlin as requested and remarked that the secretary must issue suitable instructions to the United States ambassador at Berl n if he wished his viewsdiametrically opposite to a former understanding-brought to the notice of the imperial government.

Secretary Olney came promptly back at the ambassador by an equally blunt contradiction of his statement, saying: "I have been unable to find any warrant for the conclusions you advance," and then the correspondence ran on, the secretary insisting on keeping the correspondence in Washington.

A MONETARY COMMISSION.

Indianapolis Convention Committee In Washington Advocating One.

WASHINGTON, April 3.-Eleven of the 15 members of the executive committee appointed by the Indianapolis monetary convention last January have been in the city for several days.

That convention, composed of business men delegated by the boards of trade of 100 cities, decided to urge a commission to investigate banking and currency laws with a view to their early revision, and the executive committee have decided sastablish head-quarters here in an e vor to procure from congress such legislation at this session as will empower the president to appoint a committee to consider the subject before the regular session of congress convenes in December.

Rev. Alexander Proudfit Dead.

SPRINGFIELD, O., April 3.—Rev. Alexander Proudfit, pastor of the First Presbyterian church here, died of heart trouble. He was for many years pastor of the Second Presbytorian church in Baltimore.

Running Overtime.

shops here of Warder, Bushnell & Glessner, of which Governor Eushnell is the head, are running 125 hours per diem and after dark to keep up with

First Fourth-Class Postmaster. tion of being the first fourth-class postmaster appointed by the administration has fal en on John P. Kelly of White Cloud, Kan.

The Insurgants Defeated. MONTEVIDEO, Uruguay, April 8,-The national troops have deteated the in-

SHIP LIGHTING. How Electrical Appliances Are Now Utilized For This Purpose.

When electrical plants were first instatied aboard ship, had incased cables, run in ordinary melding, were used almost entirely, and in case of iron ships the hull was frequently employed for the return circuit. The latter method soon passed out of use, for it not only increased the fire hazard, but was inefficient mechanically, and also liable to give rise to disturbing influences on

the ship's compasses. Lead incased conductors in ordinary molding were used on the first two United States men-of-war having electric plants-the Trenton, and Omahabut with unsatisfactory results in each case. In the latter ship, the electrical plant of which was installed by the writer in 1884, the lead incased port and starboard mains passed through holes bored in live oak knees, one hole to about each six feet of run, and the writer has a vivid recollection of the difficulties encountered in boring several bundred three-quarter and half inch holes through about eight inches of gnarled oak, very nearly as hard to pierce as some of the tougher metals. It is perhaps reedless to say that the cost of labor and tools was no small item in the cest of installation.

Lead incased conductors were finally discarded, except in some special work, as the protection from injury to the insulation and from moisture, which the lead sheath was supposed to give, was found to be illusory. Dents caused short circuiting on the sheath of the conductors, while punctures, permitting the entrance of moisture, led to bad grounds as well as short circuits.

At the present day what may be called a composite system for the installation of the distributing conductors is employed. Equal security in all parts the installation is the object kept in view, and to obtain this several systems are blended together as one. While molding and flexible conduits are used in the salcons and cabius, the conducters in the machinery spaces and holds are run in iten ceduits, which are thoroughly innsulated on the inside, and special fittings are employed in passing through the decks and bulkheads. Special water tight switches, cutcuts and fixtures are also used wherever there is expective to the weather, -E. G. Bernard in Cassier's Magazine.

BRIDAL FAVORS.

An Ancient and Curious German Wedding Custom.

In The Ladies' Home Journal Max von Binzer writes of his experience as "A Page at the Berlin Court" upon the occasion of a double royal, wedding aid of the preceding and succeeding festive ties. Describing an ancient and curious custom, he writes: "And now-after the wedding, dianer and ball—came the 'Fackeltanz,' Several of the highest officials entered the hall with flaming torches. A procession was formed, with the bride in the midst. A number of complicated polonaise figures were then executed, after which the line closes about the bride and groom and marched out as escort to the bridal chambers.

ments closed upon the happy pair we found ourselves immediately next the entrance. We waited expectantly for the next feature, bolding our advantageous position with some difficulty. In a few moments the doors flew open, and half a thousand silken garters, with the monograms embossed on the gold buckles, were thrown out by the ladies of hener. Court etiquette was for the incide forgotten. Generals, courtiers, chamlerlains and state ministers scrambled and fought with one another for these mementos. But we pages, rest assured, got the lion's share. I have several of these souvenirs now, although many were given away by me that night to be seeching dignitaries."

Wildcat and Porcupine.

A large wildcat that had gone hungry ridge above Balygump, Me., with its face screwed into as ugly a sheer as ever a wildcat wore. Beyond the ridge, where the ground sank into a gullylile swamp, the wildcat found a fat porcupine on the ground. The cat evidently found the porcupine tempting to lock on, for it promptly went on the hunt with all the craft it could exercise. Bohind a humm ek, along a snow ridge, over a fallen log and through a sprinkling of bush teps the cat made its way and approached the porcupine. Then it sprang and gripped its claws on its prey. It sought to roll the porcupine over so as to bite it on the belly. It succeeded only partially, and filled its jaws full of short quills from the porcupine's side. The porcupine died quickly, but the wildcat, with its jaws distended with the quills, could not eat the meat, being able only to lap up a little of the

The agony to the wildcat was so great after awhile that the brute relled over and over in the snow, finally forcing a quill through an eye and into its brain. -New York Sun.

Buttons.

Buttons are certainly as ancient as the siege of Troy, in the Linth century before our era, for, both in that unfortunate city and at Mycenæ, Dr. Schliemann discovered objects of gold, silver and bronze which could have had no SPRINGFIELD, O., April 3.—The big other use than that of buttons. In mediæval times the clothing of the common people was generally fastened with wooden pegs of the type and form of those resorted to in emergencies by the country boy of the present day. Buttons covered with cloth were prohibited by WASHINGTON, April 3.-The distinct George I, in 1720, to encourage the manufacture of metal buttons.

Seeking a Life of Ease.

"Why are you trying to get on the police force, Corker?"

"I've grown too heavy for any work requiring activity, sir. "- Detroit Free Prass

Dun Notes Some Sagging and Others Recovering.

BIG WOOL BUYING CONTINUES.

Iron and Steel Industry Staggered by the United States Supreme Court Decision, Effecting Railroads - Wheat

New York, April 3.-R. G. Dun & Co.'s Weekly Review of Trade, issued today, says: The markets are still waiting, some sagging downward and others recovering. The vote of the house in favor of a new tariff bill has made no impression in business, since it has been expected since November that some measure of the same general character would become a law. If the bill stands, with its provision making new duties applicable April 1, chances are that foreign imports and treasury receipts may be for a time considerably restricted.

The market for products has been variable and uncertain. Wheat closes I cent lower than last week, and the May option has declined 2 cents, and western receipts for the week have been 2,781,557 bushels, against 1,951,20**5** bushels last year, while the Atlantic exports, flour included, have been 2,185,-278 bushels, against 1,280,013 bushels last year. The movement of corn continues so large as to materially affect the demand for wheat, western receipts having been 1,913,862 bushels for the week, against 1,946,045 bushels last year, and Atlantic exports 4,291,629 bushels, against 1,065,396 bushels last

Current trade estimates regarding the wheat crop are a little more favorable and are somewhat more likely to prove reliable, as the advance of the season makes the condition of growing wheat better known. Cotton has not changed in price, although the floods in the southwest have doubtless done much

The buying of wool by mills is still a noteworthy feature, being far in excess of current consumption, but there is a much greater volume of transactions between dealers, and at the three chief markets the sales for five weeks have been 63,725,200 pounds, against 25,377,-676 in the same weeks of 1892, when the mills were well employed. Prices are very strong both here and at London, where the advance since the sale began is from 15 to 20 per cent, but there are feverish irregularities, indicating that holders are not all of one mind, and some remember that many large mills have taken stocks for a full year's consumption.

The iron and steel industry has been staggered, so to speak, by the decision of the supreme court affecting railroads, since it is apprehended that purchases not only of rails, but of cars, locomotives and bridge materials may be affected. The demand for rails is still considerable and one order is pending for 10,000 tons for Japan, but the reduction in Mesaba ore, with the want of agreement as yet among producers of hard ores, tends to encourage the belief in lower prices for finished

products and so to hinder buying.

The great struggle between the ore producing companies of Mesaba has not yet so far developed that anybody can feel confident as to the future cost of iron. Meanwhile, with pig accumulating, although some furnaces have stopped production, the price of Bessemer at Pittsburg is a shade lower at \$10.25 and Grey forge at \$9, but there are no quotable changes in prices of finished products, although the tone is rather weak. The new combination in cut nails only affects selling prices in eastern markets.

M'KINLEY EXPECTS TO ATTEND.

Many Notable Men to Be at the Grant Memorial Dedication.

WASHINGTON, April 3.-Although the details of the president's trip to New York to attend the dedication of the Grant memorial at Riverside park have not all been arranged, there is absothree days sheaked down the hig beeth lutely no doubt that he will, barring illness, be in attendance. A special train has been arranged for which probably will leave here on the evening of the 27th. The entire cabinet, the foreign ambassadors and others of the diplomatic corps and many members of the senate and house will accompany the presidential party.

President McKinley has a number of invitations to be present at memorial services on Decoration day, May 30, including one at Philadelphia and one in Missouri, but has not decided which one he will accept.

Artists to Sue a Borough.

GREENSBURG, Pa., April 8.—The three Altoona artists, Adam Leak, C. Mo-Cormick and H. E. Miller, arrested and imprisoned here a few days ago, charged with violating an ordinance at Derry in soliciting business in the borough, will bring suit against the town to recover \$10,000 damages for false arrest. They were advised to take that course by their attorneys. who claim the ordinance is unconstitutional.

ANTICIPATE THE POWERS.

This Policy Urged on Greece by the Newspapers at Athens.

Athens, April 3.-The newspapers unanimously urge the government to take prompt action before the powers present an ultimatum. The decision of the government is not yet known if, indeed, a final decision has been reached. but it is believed in official circles that both the king and the cabinet will favor active measures.

It is reported here that there is great excitement among the Macedonians and Epirotes, in Thessaly, because of the rumors of excesses committed by

the Turkish troops in Macedonia. CANRA, Crete, April 3 .- A body of insurgents fired several rounds at the Butsunaria blockhouse, which is occupled by the international troops. The Italian guns returned the fire.

"CHRONIC KICKERS"

There are many of them. Not a citizen of Massillon that does not have them in his household. It's the Old Story, too much to do; can't do the work. Backs forced to carry heavy burdens are not confined to toilers of the street They are found "in every walk in life;" people of "high degree" have bad backs, too, because they all have kidneys. Do you know what kidneys are for? They filter the blood, take out the poisons. Filters can only work just so fast try to crowd them, they become blocked; they they kick; that's the time to help them, otherwise they soon are "Chronic Kickers." Ever have your kidneys kick. Know where they strike? Perhaps you have had a bad back, a lame, weak or aching one. Didn't know the cause. Well that's how the Kidneys Kick. The kilneys are near the small of the back and when their work gets too hard, they warn you Your back aches, is weak or lame. Help the kidneys out or many troubles come. Kidney troubles, Urinary troubles and oft mes Bright's disease. There is only one kidney helper always at hand. DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS are perfect mechanics in their line and made for kidneys only. If you would help the Kidneys, take DOAN'S KID-NET PILLS. For any Kidney ills take DOAN'S KIDNEY PILLS, because

PLUM STREET.

Mrs. Wm. Curtis, No. 49 Plum street. have been troubled with my kidneysmy back aching a great part of he time, and a little worse as the months flew by. with a dull steady ache. My back and kidneys grew so sore that I could not lean against the seat while inchurch. I could not wear a corset, even the weight of my clothes hurt and dragged the life out of me and at night I had to lie on three pillows and in the morning my back was so sore and lane that f could hardly get out of bed. I took medicine to get relief from the terrible disease, but had never been able to get a permanent cure until one evening when my husband was reading the paper, he remarked: "Here is a chance for you to get cured, from the way this reads I am inclined to think it vill help you. I wish you would go down to Baltzly's drug store and get a box of Doan's Kidney Pills." I got a box and they relieved me at once, and ontinued to help me, Now my back is stronger than it has been in years and the old symptoms I had so long hav disappeared. If this statement will encourage others to try Doan's Kidney Pills you are welcome to use it. I .m sure they will never regret giving be pill a

All Druggists keep Doan's Kidney Pills, price 50c per

box. . . Remember the name, DOAN'S, and accept no substitute.

North Grant Street.

Mr. J. A. Flynn, of 38 North Grant street, a salesman in the Bee Hive says: 'My father died with disease of the kidneys, and for the past five or six years I have been inclined to think that I have inherited it, for my kidneys have been troubling me for that length of time. My back ached a good part of the time, and was always aggravated when I caught cold or stood on my feet all day during the busy hours. Often sharp stitches attacked me, especially right after I had retired for the night, that felt as if some one had given me a shap blow across the loins, and accompanying this there was a urinary weakness. I got a box of Doan's Kidney Pills at Baltzly's drug store and since taking them all symptoms of the old complaint have passed away. One box did all I could ask for and I can heartily recommend the remedy for kidney troubles." Some time when you are in the Bee Hive and have your back aching so badly that you don't care if you get what you want or not your main thoughts are to get home and in some easy position, it would be a favorable time to ask Mr. Flynn what he thinks of Doan's Kidney Pills: what he tells you can be depended

Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, New York,

Sole Agents for the United States.

Special Announcement

Wide-Awake

Cut out this Coupon on Dotted Lines:

Furniture, Pictures, Mirrors, Carpets, Drapery, Rugs, Matting, Curtain Poles, Window Shades, Stoves, Ranges, Gasoline Stoves, Refrigerators, Stove Furnishings, Dishes, Chamber Sets, Lamps, Baby Carriages. Good for 20 cents on a dollar from April 5th to April 10th inclusive. Present this coupon and cash to the salesman at the time of purchase and he will deduct 20 cents on each dollar's worth of goods purchased.

COUPON.

We're Willing to Pay You

For knowledge which we want to gain. We want to know whether the "The Buyers Guide" or "The Independent" is the best advertising medium. It is worth 20 cents on every dollar's worth of sales made from April 5th to 10th inclusive, for us to know this. we spend a good deal of money with each paper. The outlay of this much money makes it worth while for us to give up our profits for six days. We will therefore, give you Twenty Cents on each Dollar's worth of purchases you make, during the week, commencing April 5th. Coupons cannot be accepted after this time. But we must be sure that you came to us through the influence of our advertisement either in "The Buyers Guide" or "The Independent." - - - - - - - - -

COUCHES Bedroom Suites.

20,00 " " 16,00 7.85 " " " 25,00 " 20,00 10,00 " " "

Combination Book Case

\$15.00 Suites less 20 per ct.=\$12 50 \$ 5.60 Couches less 20 per ct=\$4.00 \$ 8.59 bookcase less 20%. =\$ 7.12 \$ 8.50 Stoves less 20 per ct=\$ 6.80 6.28 10.50

STOVES

" " . 8.40 14.00 " 14.00 " " " " 11.20 20.00 " " " 16.00 14.40

Profits Given Away for One Week.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Colonel Frederick D. Grant has decided to decide President McKinley's offer of the position of first assistant secretary of war.

Benefic Substitute Palace, 5...63-65...

Benefic Substitute Palace, 5...63-65...

S. Erie St.

* with heavy loss.

LOCAL HAPPENINGS.

Discovered this Week by Independent

Edwin Baltzly is home from Case

school. Miss Florence Hardy ss visiting friends at Beach City.

Mrs. J. H. Hunt, Miss Hunt and Mrs.

Mrs. Josiah Faantz and Mrs. Isaac Keller are spending a few days in Miner-

Corns returned from New York this

city April 10. Massillon relatives and family friends

have been informed of the death of Mrs. Jerome Zerbe, at Cleveland. Cards from Dr. and Mrs. D. S. Gard-

dainty as the little one herself, announce the arrival of Esther Theresa Gardner on March 29th. Miss Jessie Kelly and Miss Charlene

Sperry, of Knoxville, Ia., who are attending school at Oberlin, are spending their Easter vacation with the latter's sister. Mrs. Geo. Kinne.

Default has been made on the April coupon of the Wheeling & Lake Erie first mortgage bonds of 1926 and a protective committee is being formed in the interest of the bondholders. The management of the Military band

authorized agent to solicit money for the purchase of music or anything else. Persous representing themselves as such Mr. John Whitmer failed to notice a projecting spike in a log on the towpath

Thursday, until he found himself floundid was to remove the spike to guard against future mishap. A bulky package was delivered to Lou-

is Witt, the other day He paid \$1 express charges, and then discovered that he was the possessor of six heavy paving bricks. He has not succeeded in finding the perpetrator of the affair.

His friends told him that to leap from the surface to the bottom of the west side

Mrs. Treat, 'who comes to Massillon next week, is one of the foremost kindergarten trainers in the United States, as well as one of the best organizers of kindergarten associations. Her work extends from Texas to Canada. Last year she gave talks or series of talks in fiftyfour different cities.

John H. Shoemaker, a milk man re siding north of the city, unfortunately lost \$209 from his coat pocket this morning, either in Front or North streets. A careful search was made, but as yet no trace of the package of bills has been found. Mr. Shoemaker was on his way to town to pay farm rent.

Mrs. John Winkleman feels it her duty to thus publicly declare the rumor that she and her husband had ceased to har monize as being entirely false. She says comfortable quarters in the Union Hotel, and that she is well satisfied with Mr. Winkleman and is as happy as a bride of three weeks is popularly supposed to be.

Loiterers about the Ft. Wayne depot it Canton were startled Friday afternoon by a strange young man declaring that he had murdered his brother and sister in Cleveland and was then trying to elude officers who were on his trail. The Canton police soon had the follow in charge and he gave the name of Joseph Morgan. The Cleveland police were notified, but replied that Morgan had never resided

Edwin Howald leaves tomorrow for Richmond, Ind. where he will join an orchestra as a violinist. The orchestra is employed to furnish music at the state insane asylum during certain hours of the day, and is composed of good musicians at lucrative salaries. Several times before this position has been offered Mr. Howald, but until the present time he has never seen his way clear to accept it. The best wishes of his many friends accompany him.

A company is being organized to take the place of the defunct Canton Driving Park Association and arrange for several race meetings during the coming summer. John C. Welty and A. M. McCarty, former officers of the old company, are among the promoters. August 17, 18 and 19 have already been selected for a series of horse races, and the fair grounds have been secured from Lessees Bostick & Yost. It is probable that other dates will be arranged.

A two days convention of the Epworth League for the Canton district was closed in Lisbon Wednesday evening. The following officers were elected for the coming year: President, William Johns, of Massillon; vice presidents, Jessie Davidson, of Canton: Mrs. J. C. Gorsuch, of Washingtonville: Frank Filler, Salem: Blanch Lach, Bolivar; corresponding secretary, Arletta Yost, Massillon; recording secretary, C. C. Chain, New Waterford; treasurer, Alice Fording, Al-

A solid train load of bridges was shipped on Thursday afternoon by the Massillon Bridge Company for use on the Cincinnati, Portsmouth & Virginia Rail way. The consignment consists wholly of plate girders, with the exception of

one seventy-three foot highway bridge. which goes to Indiana. The remainder of the material includes four spans sev enty feet long, three spans forty feet long, and four spans thirty feet long. The company has many orders and the outlook is bright.

M. A. Hanna & Co. have made arrangements with the Wheeling & Lake Erie railway company, to handle the output of the coal mines on the line of the road, and heretofore controlled by the Wheeling & Lake Erie Railway Coal company, and take general charge of their coal business R C Vance has been appointed as the company's representative in Toledo He was formerly connected with the Wheeling & Lake Railway Coal company and is fully qualified to take charge of the company's in-

amid the green fields and running brooks. going to a public resort.

he will woo the inspiration that will give to the world lines more beautiful and pleasing than the "Waggin' Wheel" or any of the others that have already made him great. His latest work is a sweet little thing of forty-nine verses of poetry and several pages of prose which he calls "She is O'er the Sea." He wrote it in Mrs. Kessler's kitchen, and he modestly admits that its charm and elegance were born of his surroundings.

Agent E. P. Edgar, of the C., L. & W railway, reports a considerable increase in local freight business during the past month, and says that business generally Harry Smith, who has signed to eatch W. & L. E. road, makes a report as for the Buffalo team, will leave for that favorable, and states that he has noticed a steady increase in freight traffic for the past five months. This cannot be said of coal traffic, however, as the mines have been working very irregularly There was also a marked improvement it the Ft. Wayne company's business, both ner, enclosing cards almost as small and freight and passenger, during March. over the corresponding month last year Prospects for an exceedingly prosperous year are extremely flattering.

Mr. W. R. Malone, principal of the Massillon high school a few years ago. recently resigned as principal of the Salt Lake City high school in order to accept a position as superintendent of agencies of the New York Life Insurance Company, with headquarters at Columbus. Mr. Maloue organized the Salv Lake City high school, which, during his first year there, had forty pupils There are now 500 high school pupils and a corps of twenty teachers. Freuch wishes to state that it has sent out no German and Spanish are taught, to gether with the other usual high school studies. Mr. Malone left his school with considerable regret in order to engage in a more lucrative calling. He spent the afternoon in Massillon

Frank L. Baldwin, of Massillon, has been appointed one of the executors or dering in the canal. The next thing he the will of his uncle, the late Sylvester J. Miller, of Cleveland. The exact value of the estate is unknown, but it must amount to several hundred thou-The will was presand dollars. sented to the probate court on Wednes day. To his granddaughter, Edith B Tilghman Mr. Miller gives the rental of a piece of property known as the Holly block, at the corner of Central avenue and Broadway, during her life. Oliver P. Allen is to receive \$1,000 per year durgravel pit was too great an undertaking ling his life and at his death the annuity for any person, but Arthur Seiler, who is a goes to his wife. The sum of \$5,000 is very small boy and resides in West Main given to Fredrick B. Tilghman. To street, insisted on doing it. He feels Sylvester M Neville \$10,000 is given, also badly shaken up, today, and his wrist is the carriages and the hunting outfit owned by the decrased One-half of the residue of the entire estate will be given to the heirs of Amanda M. Neville upon any schedules of the bill. There and the other half goes to Edith B. Tilghman and to her heirs Sylvester M. Neville and Frank L. Baldwin are named generally remodeled and the rates conas executors of the will. If any attempt | siderably reduced in many of the schedis made by any of the beneficiaries of ules. A member of the committee is the will to contest it. it is provided that he will forfeit all rights in the estate

BLOCKED BY FORAKER

President McKinley Still Wishes Honor Bellamy Storer-The Senator Asked to Withdraw His Objections. May Rescind Forestry Proclamation.

WASHINGTON, April 3.-Senator Foraker, before leaving for Ohio to spend a few days, had a few minutes' conversation with President McKinley at the White House and left a large bundle of applications for postmasterships and minor offices. In connection with Senator Foraker's visit the eas a revival of the report at the White House that Mr. Mckinley is auxious to appoint ex-Congressman Bellomy Storer of Cincinnati to the position of assistant secretary of state if Senator Foraker can be induced to withdlaw his opnosition. Colonel wocknill, the present members, desires the mission to the flowery king-

Senator stams of West Virginia nade in en a gement with the presient to talk over West Virginia offices aext week. Representative Hicks of cennsylvama introduced four Altoona constituents who want offices and Senator Lurrows, ex-Senator Palmer of Michigan Senator Proctor of Vermont and Representative Bingham of Pennsylvama also saw Mr. McKinley

All the members of the cabinet were present at the meeting. Secretary Sherman, who was unable to attend last Tuesday on account of illness, was present. The cabinet was in session a little over an hour and a half. The only question of public importance discussed was the question of rescinding the order of ex-Presdent Cleveland setting apart 21 forest reservations in the west. This question has engaged the attention of Secretary Bliss for some time. The secretary took to the White House the maps and papers re-

lating to the matter. The discussion of the forestry question was at times very vigorous, and all the members took part. The outcome was instructions that the national forestry commission be summoned to Washington to talk over their work with the president. It is understood that the sentiment was unanimous that President Cleveland's proclamation was

too comprehensive. The president announced his purpose to act on conservative lines and not to act without more information.

Sylvester Scovel, the newspaper correspondent who was imprisoned in Cuba, saw Mr. McKinley. Between 500 and 600 persons were present at the public reception. They were received in line, and immediately after the reception closed Mr. McKinley went out for his daily walk.

Cyclone In Arkansas.

WARREN, Ark., April 3 .-- A eyelone has passed over the southern portion of Cleveland county, destroying 12 or 15 country residences and wounding 10 or 15 persons. Will Shirley was killed and others were seriously injured.

MIKINLEY TO CRUISE.

He Will Likely Take & Recreative Trip on the Dolphin.

Washington, April 3 .-- President McKinley has in contemplation a brief vacation from his official duties. The month in the White House has been a trying one, and while not in any way morsposed, he feels that a few days rest will benefit him greatly.

Nothing has been determined yet it is probable that he will avail himself of the presence here of the dispatch boat Dolphin and go down the Potomac river for a couple of days about John B Lonas left. Friday afternoon, the middle of next week. He prefers for his Bethlehem township farm, where, this means of diversion rather than

Gage to Enforce Retroactive Tariff Feature Today.

CLAIMS HE HAS THE AUTHORITY.

He and Assistant Secretary Howell Construe Section 249 of the Revised Statutes as Giving the Right For Such Action-Will Restrict Imports.

Washington, April 3. - Secretary Gate has announced tot he has decided to comply with the requirements of section 27 of the pending tariff bill providing for the retention of samples of merchandise imported under orders given subsequent to April 1, and which were not purchased and directed by the | Schultz procur d the money, which he owner to be shipped for import into the put in a small satcher. The two then started States prior to April 1. United States prior to April 1.

This action, however, will be taken ander section 249 of the revised statates, which authorizes the secretary to exercise superintendence over the colopinion of Secretary Gage and the new insurmountable difficulties will be encountered in the administration of this feature of the tariff bill.

There can be no difficulty, it is said, be asposed of without the necessity of in the wagon. retaining samples.

In some special cases where the retention of samples would obviously work hardship to the importers, such as a large and miscellaneous invoice of furniture it is thought that this requirement may be waived on a clear apulation as to character and value. The new regulations probably will

be promulgated today. The Republican members of the senate committee on finance are continuing their work day and night on the taniff bill with the intention of reporting it to the senate at the earliest possible day. They are not yet prepared to give out any of the results of their investigations, and say when approached upon the subject that they have not as yet reached any conclusions is, however, a well defined impression about the senate that the bill will be quoted by another senator as authority for the specific statement that carpet duties would be cut. There is also general belief among western senators that there will be material changes in the rates on wools, especially on those of the third class.

A strong effort will be made to have nap hazarine black placed upon the dutiable list. Representatives of other wool blacks are now in the city, and have brought the matter to the attention of the committee.

They call attention to the fact that this product is not an alizarin, and say that it is unjustly so classified. The ways and means committee of the house originally agreed to leave it out of the dutiable list and place it with other coal tar dyes, but changed their minds the last day the bill was before the house. The incident has brought out a vigorous protest from persons interested in other blacks, who say that the napthazarine patent is owned by a foreign house, that it will give to this establishment a monopoly and will deprive the government of \$500,000 revenue annually.

Among other suggestions which have been urged upon the committee are the following: A return to the Wilson law of 8 cents a pound duty on hops instead of the 15 cents provided by the Dingley bill. It is claimed that the proposed increase will be an injury rather than a benefit to the producer and a hardship to the consumer

A uniform rate on all imported tobacco suitable for cigar purposes. It is asserted that the enactment of the Dingley rates into law would result in throwing 300,000 eigarmakers out of

employment. A reduction of the rate on gold leaf, silver leaf, aluminum leaf and composition or dutch metal.

A reduction on the rate of 10 cents a pound on gum chicle, the basis of pure chewing gum. Some of the manufacturers urge that this article should be made free because, it is, they say, the poor man's luxury."

There is also much contention about the lumber schedule as there is about many other schedules. The American lumbermen interested in Canadian forests appear to be especially concerned over the Dingley rates. The committee is not receiving any verbal statements, except from senators, but it is giving close attention to typewritten presentations of fact and argument. Few promises are being made even to senators. There is, therefore, no basis for any, but the most general prediction as to the fate of the bill at the hands of the Republican senators.

ULTIMATUM TO SPAIN.

Olney's Strong Talk Concerning Abuse of American Tobacco Importers.

WASHINGTON, April 3 .- The closing thapter of the correspondence which has passed between the United States and Spain respecting the prohibition of tobacco exports from Cuba, as shown in the foreign relations just published, will be very comforting to the tobacco importers. Secretary Olney had been complaining, without much avail, of the detention in Cuba of tobacco that had been contracted for or was even in the possession of wouldbe exporters before the decree was issued suspending imports. Finally came this ultimatum, on Feb. 12 last, in a note to Minister Taylor at Madrid, signed by Secretary

"There being now no reason to believe that the promised relief will be granted, you are instructed to inform the Spanish minister for foreign affairs that his government will be held re- has been restored to his position. sponsible for the indemnification of citizens of the United States in every instance, whether heretofore specifically presented or not, in which tobacco owned by such citizens or contracted for by them prior to the promulgation of the order of May 16, 1896, prohibiting exportation of tobacco, has been detained under that order.'

TRUSTED ONCE TOO OFTEN. A Chicago Firm's Old Employe Helps

Assault and Rob a Messenger.

Chicago, April 3.-A messenger em-

ployed by the wholesale woolen firm of Kuh, Nathan & Fi-her has been robbed of \$3,500, after being beaten into insensibility by two men, one of whom had been sent with the loy to protect him and the firm's money. Detectives are searching for the robbers. The messenger is in the hospital at the point of death. He is Chris Schultz, a 17year old had, who was the trusted messenger of the urm. One of the robbers was Edward Wilson, employed by the firm as a teamster. The asculant is not known. Both Schaltz and Wilson have been in the emproy of ranh, Nathan & Figher for a veral years, and were always sent to the conks together, sometimes with thou ands of dollars at

Schultz and Wilson were sent to the Metropolitan N monar b ak to collect \$3,560. Ta me a light de very wagon the two drave to the bank, where and d p t, a Pocific avenue and Vanburen street, a strenger called to Wilson and, after a few words of greeting, got into the covered wag in, taking a position directly behind Schultz, who lection of customs duties. It is the was on the seat with Wilson, Suddenly he was struck a blow on the head. Beassistant secretary, Mr. Howell, that no fore he could cry out he was struck a unconscious into the wagon. The two men then tied his wrists and feet, put a gag in his mouth and tied a gunnysack over his head. They then drove rapidly as to articles which are to pay a specific to Twelfth street, where they stopped, boty, and as the whole tariff bill was and taking the satchel containing the rained with a general view to specific | money disappeared. It was over an rather than ad valorem outies, a large hour afterward that some inquisitive eroportion of the dutiable articles will person discovered the unconscious boy

> D CK NATIONAL SECRETARY. General Osh rue Resigns and the Akron

Man Takes His Place.

Washington, April 3.-General William M Osborne of Boston, recently appointed consul general to London, has resigned the secretaryship of the Republican national committee. Senator Hanna, as chairman of the committee, appointed Major Charles Dick of Akron, O., to till the vacancy.

Major Dick is 38 years old and is one of the most widely known young politicians in the country. He is a leader of the Republican party in Ohio, having been three times chairman of the state executive committee, and a delegate to the national conventions of 1892 and 1896. During the last national campaign he was secretary of the western headquarters at Chicago. He will be in charge of the permanent national headquarters in this city.

A RIV R STEAMER LOST.

Five Persons Reported to Have Been Lost In Alabama.

COLUMBIA, Ala., April 3. - The steamer J. F. C. Griggs of the Independent line has sunk in the Chattahooche river near this point. Five persons are reported lost. The accident was caused by a drift log striking the hull of the steamer. An effort to drive the boat ashore failed, the water coming in so rap diy through the hole in

her side that she sank in a few minutes. Engineer Waterberry, a negro boat hand and a lady passenger were re-

ported to have perished. Randolph Russell son of Congressman Lenjamin Russell of Bainbridge, was on the boat, but escaped by swim-

NO SUCCISSOR TO BLACKBURN. Situation In Kentucky Looks Like a

Permanent Deadlock.

ming ashore.

FRANKFORT, Ky., April 3.-The Republican and Democratic steering committees have reached an agreement by which only a termal ballot is to be taken for senator today and no effort will be made to elect. No interesting without precedent. developments are therefore expected in

the contest before next week. The siteation now looks more like & permanent dead ock, ending in **no elec-**

Session. Miners Refuse the Rate.

Monongauera City, Pa., April 3.-Notices were posted in the Black Diamond, Old ragle and Mongah mines, saying that a 2-cent rate for mining would go into effect. The miners at Black Diamond refused to accept and, as a result, the mines are idle. Mongah and Old Eagle men are still working, but it is probable that they will also refuse to accept the reduction.

A Tragedy In Kentucky.

HYDEN, Ky., April 3.-Tom Oglethorpe, a prosperous farmer, accused his wife of having been intimate with Henry Schneider, a farm hand. They quarreled, and Oglethorpe's wife left him. Uglethorpe then killed Schneider and himself.

Hemorrhage Killed Bim.

PiQUA, O., April 3.—Thomas Quigley, an employe of the stove works, while on an errand up street, was taken with a hemorrhage of the lungs and expired in a few minutes. He was 36 years old and came here from Cincinnati six years ago.

10,000 Men May Strike.

MILWAUKEE, April 2-The 10,000 union brewery employes in Milwaukee have submitteed a demand for eight hours work a day for ten hours' pay. Should no agreement be reached by Monday a strike probably will be

Desperate Fight With Outlaws. ARDMORE, I. T., April 3.—A posse has

had a desperate fight with outlaws. The desperadoes are seven in number and the officers were injured. Harrington Is Restored.

WASHINGTON, April 3.-Mr. D. W. Harrington, whose resignation as chief

of division of accounts, treasury department, was required by Secretary Carlisle early in the last administration. A Powder Plant Wrecked.

SHAMOKIN, Pa., April 3.-All the

buildings of the Shamokin Powder company have been completely wrecked by a terrific explosion. Fortunately there were no lives lost, all of the workmen having cone to their homes. Several dwelling were damaged.

HERE is no getting away from the fact that Pure White Lead (see list of brands which are genuine) and Pure Lin-

seed Oil make the best paint. Properly applied, it will not chip, chalk or scale off, but will outwear any of the mixtures offered as substitutes. It is, there-

fore, by far the most economical. FREE By using National Lead Co.'s Pure White Lead Tinting Colors, any desired shade is readily obtained. Pamphlet giving valuable information and card showing samples of colors free; also cards showing pictures of twelve houses of different designs painted in various styles or combinations of shades forwarded upon application to those intending to paint.

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TRAINLOADS OF SACKED SAND USED

A Break In the Levee at Austin, Miss., Feared, Which Would Inundate Miles of Fertile Country The Upper Valley Suffering From High Water.

Meyenis, Amil 3 - The flood situation has one more become neutre from rest, has been sentenced in Brooklyn to a point a few indes above Austin, 20 years' imprisonment. Adolph Stein-Miss., as far nown as the first break at berg, another firebug, was sentenced to Perthshire, Miss, and a crevasse in 10 years' imprisonment. this line of levees would not be surprising. The pressure on the levee is brought about by the waters of the St. Francis lasm, which is here congested between the levoes in front of Helena, f Several abronng tel grams have been received from n ar Austin, and the situation is most grave. Boats have been requested to van on slow bells and laborers are constantly strengthening the embankments A crevasse at Austin would inundate a strip of fertile country in Tunica and Coahoma counties 20 miles wide and 60 miles long.

Reports from Helena, Ark., show that the river there is still slowly rising, and it is almost miraculous that the levees at Helena have not been swept away. Thousands of people have been working day and night, and their energies are seemingly exhaustless. The Missouri Pacific and Cotton Belt railroads have rushed train load after train load of sacked sand into the beleaguered city and still stand ready to help the Helena people The railroads have rendered great assistance to the levee boards. The Illinois Central, Missouri Pacific and Cotton Belt railways have devoted all their great forces to the work of saving the country, and that without charge Greenville is on an island, and Rose-

dale, Miss., is in water from five to ten feet deep. Thousands of head of cartle are standing on the levee and many unfortunate refugees sleep there with no covering to protect them from the watersoaked winds of night. Back of Rosedale and throughout the lower and middle delta country everything is under water. In many villages no communication with the outside world has been had for several days. The Mississippi above Cairo and the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers will send a great flood into the already filled St. Francis basin, and from Cairo to Memphis it is feared that the deluge will mark a high water figure that will be

At Memphis the river is steadily falling The calls for assistance from numerous points along the river are becoming more frequent at headquartion, than it has at any time during the ters of the relief committee at Mem-

> There are some 15 or 20 white people, principally women and children, in great distress at a point near St. Clair's landing. These people are located in houses, the lower floors of which are overflowed, and they have no food and no means of obtaining it. Arrangements were made to send supplies.

> Sr. Paul, April 3.—The Mississippi river here has reached a stage of 16 feet and it is still rising slowly. This is the highest point reached since the great flood of 1881. The residents of the flats had ample warning to save themselves and their property. Between Minneap-olis and St. Paul 1,000 families have been made homeless by the flood. They lived on the flats along the riverside and in the lowlands of West St. Paul.

> St. Louis, April 3.—The heavy rains of the past two days are having an effect on the streams tributury to the Mississippi and Missouri rivers in Iowa, Illinois, Missouri and Kansas. As a result they are pouring torrents into those rivers and flooding the lowlands through which they flow, causing considerable damage, but, as far as known, no casualties. Mr. Frankenfield says the two points where the greatest danger will exist are Hannibal, Mo., and Quincy, Ills.

THE CRUISE TO HONOLULU. Secretary Long Denies Any Significance

in Phliadelphia's Orders.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—Secretary Long is authority for the statement that the orders of the flagship Philadelphia to proceed to Honolulu have no significance. It is said at the state department that the movement has not been three of them are known to have been requested by it, as would have been the wounded in the engagement. None of case had the threatened trouble between the Japanese and the Hawaiian government entered into the calculations of the navy department. The Philadelphia is to relieve the Marion, which arrived on the station, relieving the Alert, about two weeks ago. The reason for the change, is said to

be a belief on the part of the secretary of the navy that from the importance of Honolulu commercially and other wise the United States should have a ship of higher class than the Marion stationed there. The Philadelphia, while a modern and powerful cruiser, is sadly out of condition in many respects and it was the intention of the department just as soon as the repairs to the Baltimore were completed to use | series of severe engagements.

her to replace the Philadelphia as flagship of the Pacific station and to put the latter craft out of commission and thoroughly renovate her. As for the Marion, it is conjectured that she may be sent onward to Samoa to show the Working Day and Night Along United States flag in that quarter of the globe for the first time in four

Crown Prince of Japan Not Dead.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The Japanese legation has received a dispatch from the consul general at San Francisco saying that the recent reports of the death of the crown prince of Japan and the sucresion of Price Arisgowa as heir apparent were entirely unfounded.

Two Firebuge Sentenced.

NEW YORK, April 3.—Hugh Miller,

the firebug convicted 24 hours after ar-

Attempt of Incendiaries.

barre Coal company, near here. ENTERTAINED BY THE PRESIDENT.

HAZLETON, Pa., April 3,-Incendiaries

have made an attempt to destroy the

No. 3 mine of the Lehigh and Wilkes-

He Gave a Dioner to Members of Ways and Means Committee.

WASHINGTON, April 3.-President Mc-Kinley gave a dinner of 27 covers at the White House last night, the guests including the present and past members of the ways and means committee of the house now in congressional life and a few others. The occasion gave an opportunity to the president to renew in a social way the friendships formed while a member of the house, as a number of those present were his associates in that body during his congressional

The gues's were: Vice President Hobart, Speaker Reed, Attorney General McKenna, Senators Burrows, Gear and Mills, Representatives Dingley, Payne, Dalzell, Hopkins, Grosvenor, Russell (Conn.), Doldver, Steele, Johnson (N. D.), Evans, Tawney, Bailey, McMillin, Wheeler (Ala.), McLaurin, Robertson (La), Swanson, Cannon and Henderson and Hon. William A. Russell of Massachusetts.

WEYLER GETTING SAINTLY.

He Has High Personages Arrested For a

Hosp tal Scandal. HAVANA, April 3.—Dispatches from Cienfuegos, province of Santa Clara, announces that Captain General Weyley has ordered the arrest and imprisonment of the chief of police there, Senor Merina, several police inspectors and 35 other persons. It appears that the captain general, while visiting the marine hospital, which contained 20 patients, made inquiries which elicited the information that the rations there were of a poorer quality than those served in the military hospitals, where there are

Among those who are said to be implicated in the scandal is a prominent property owner and a member of the Santa Gara provincial deputation. It is further believed that the responsibility will reach other and more important persons of high social standing. It is also said that several officers of high rank will shortly be arrested in

connection with the same affair.

Courtmartialing General Rivera. HAVANA, April 3.—The report sent out from Key West to the effect that General Rivera was shot at sunrise yesterday morning is untrue. The trial by courtmartial of General Rivera is being proceeded with behind closed doors at San Cristobal.

Political Row Among Wheelmen. CHICAGO, April 3.—Chief Consul Fred Patee of the Illinois division, L. A. W., has demanded of President Potter that George K. Barrett, who got out the political circular intended to pledge the wheelmen's vote to Carter Harrison for mayor of Chicago, be suspended from

SPAIN CLAIMS BIG VICTORIES. Insurrection Reported Almost Quelled

In the Phillippine Islands.

the league.

WASHINGTON, April 3.—The Spanish legation has received official dispatches from Madrid under date of April 1, announcing the most decisive engagements in the Phillippine islands since the insurrection there began. The strongly entrenched towns of Novelleta, Lecbau and Rosario were stormed and taken by the Spanish troops. At the same time the Spanish fleet shelled the seaport town of Cavite Vogo and other strategic points leading to the insurgent stronghold of Imus.

The losses were heavy, and 1,630 prisoners surrendered as a result of the shelling of Cavite Vigo. The fleet in the operation included the cruisers Renarchristma, Don Juan d'Austria, Isla de Luzon, Isla de la Cuba and Maria de Molina. With these were a number of gunboats and light draught ships for mancruvceing through adjacent swamps. The officials of the Spanish legation are highly gratified as the announcements, and state that the results practically close the conflict in the islands, these being the last of s

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